Peasants and Prayers
The inscriptions of Norse Greenland

Peasants and Prayers

The inscriptions of Norse Greenland

Publications from the National Museum vol. 25 Peasants and Prayers. The inscriptions of Norse Greenland

© The author, National Museum of Denmark, and National Museum and Archive of Greenland 2017 All rights reserved

PNM Editorial Board:

Director of Research and Communication Camilla Mordhorst Head of Research and Collections Michael Andersen Research Coordinator Birgit Rønne Senior Researcher Mikkel Venborg Pedersen Senior Researcher Mette Marie Hald

Cover design and layout: Rikke Kvisgaard Laursen English revision: Simon Coury, Anne-Marie Køllgaard Printed by Specialtrykkeriet Arco, Skive

Published by University Press of Southern Denmark Campusvej 55, DK-5230 Odense M ISBN: 978-87-7602-345-4

Funded by:

Kulturministeriets Forskningspulje Northern Worlds Research Programme National Museum of Denmark

The Northern Worlds Research Programme was funded by the Augustinus Foundation

Cover photos: Wooden prayer stick from Sandnes with the runic inscription 'Hail Mary, full of grace', photographer Arnold Mikkelsen 2012.

CONTENTS

PREFACE	7	3. LITERACY	89
		Messages	95
1. INTRODUCTION	9	Poetry and play on words	96
History of research	12	Futhork inscriptions	97
Norse society	16	reist rúnar þessar	98
Material and methodology	23	Names	100
Source criticism and representativeness	28	Owners' inscriptions	101
Dating and chronology	31	Manufacturers' inscriptions	103
Stratigraphy	32	Self-referential inscriptions	103
Typologically datable artefacts	34	Inscriptions with cryptic runes	104
The runes	35	Religious inscriptions	105
Linguistic features	36	Illegible inscriptions, single runes	
Latin language inscriptions	37	and rune-like signs	108
Runes and orthography	38	Writing in medieval towns	113
The language	48	Sigtuna	114
		Lund	114
		Tønsberg	115
2. ARTEFACTS AND INSCRIPTION	VS 53	Gamlebyen in Oslo	115
Gravestones	56	Trondheim	115
Crosses	58	Bergen	115
Gudveig's stick	62		
Amulets	63		
Textual amulets	63	4. CONCLUSIONS AND	
Prayer sticks or rosaries	68	PERSPECTIVES	119
Household utensils	69	Literature	125
Textile production	73	Summary	132
Spindle whorls and moulds for spindle wh	orls 73	Kalaallisut eqikkarnera	134
Loom weights	76	Dansk resumé	142
Other textile utensils	78		
Tiles or slates	79		
Wooden sticks	79	CATALOUGE	147
Kingittorsuaq and Qeqertanguaq	83		
A walrus skull from Le Mans in France	87		

PREFACE

It all began in 1821 with the finding of the Kingittorsuaq stone, the first evidence of runic writing in Norse Greenland. The researchers of the time, Rasmus Rask, Finnur Magnussen and Christian Jürgensen Thomsen, took great interest in the find. It was indeed sensational to be faced for the first time with the language spoken by the Norse inhabitants of medieval Greenland. In the following almost 200 years, more than 160 additional finds of runic artefacts have been retrieved from the soils of Greenland. Many researchers have taken up the discussion of the Greenlandic runic inscriptions during that time, including Erik Moltke, Magnus Olsen and Marie Stoklund, who was encouraged to publish the Greenlandic material in 1980. During the 1980s and 1990s, Stoklund collected the known material and published new finds of Greenlandic inscriptions. Owing to other tasks in the Runologisk Laboratorium at the National Museum of Denmark. a final edition was never completed, but thanks to Stoklund's meticulous cataloguing, most inscriptions were included in the Samnordisk Runtextdatabas in the early 1990s. Stoklund also made sure that photos were taken of the new finds and she made detailed notes on the inscriptions. She should also be given credit for having addressed some of the essential problems in the material, and for giving careful consideration to the question of how to deal with such a large body of material as this. My first

thanks therefore go to Marie Stoklund for having collected the material and presented it in a form that made it easy to retrieve it from the archives for my own analysis.

In the years 2009-13, the National Museum of Denmark hosted a research programme primarily funded by the Augustinus Foundation. More than twenty individual research projects were involved in the Northern Worlds programme, where all sorts of topics concerning the northern worlds were investigated. The coordinator of the programme, senior researcher Hans Christian Gulløv, encouraged me to make a fresh study of the Greenlandic inscriptions. Almost thirty years had passed since the first initiative for a collected edition, and the Northern Worlds programme meant that solid support for a completion of the edition now existed. As a parttime employee at the National Museum, I was eager to find external funding for the project. The first tranche of money was a grant from Kulturministeriets Forskningspulje, which allowed me to spend a year collecting and studying the material anew. Hence, I spent part of 2009 and 2010 in the archives at the National Museums in Copenhagen and Nuuk tracking down artefacts for the catalogue. In 2013 the Northern Worlds programme granted me another six months to carry on with the manuscript, and finally the senior researcher scheme at the National Museum enabled me to complete the manuscript. I would like to thank Gulløv for encouraging me to begin the process, and for giving me his enthusiastic encouragement to complete it. I would also like to thank him for ensuring funds were available to publish the manuscript within the Northern Worlds programme. Proper thanks should also be given to Kulturministeriets Forskningspulje, Northern Worlds and the Augustinus Foundation, and finally to the National Museum for providing excellent conditions for senior researchers.

A number of researchers and institutions have been valuable contacts in the process. I would like to thank Eva Andersson Strand for details of and discussions concerning textile equipment; Jan Ragnar Hagland for reading parts of the manuscript, and for discussions of runes, orthography and language; Rikke S. Olesen for being such a good sparring partner and for her ability to put my feet back on the ground when thoughts went flying; Kristel Zilmer for reading and commenting on the manuscript and for her encouragement; Magnus Källström and Jan Owe for helpful comments on the construction of the catalogue; Jonas Nordby for useful discussions regarding readings, especially on cryptic runes; Jón Viðar Sigurðsson for good conversations, suggestions and encouragement for further research; Mogens Skaaning Høegsberg for his willingness to read parts of the manuscript, for general encouragement, and for answering stupid questions; and Georg Nyegaard for his keen interest and co-operation in the process. Thanks to him, valuable archaeological datings of the runic material from Qorlortup Itinnera (Ø34) are presented in this volume. I would also like to thank him for being the carrier of artefacts to and

from Greenland when I needed to have a second look at the objects, and for being such a good contact when visiting the museum in Nuuk. I am grateful to the National Museum and Archives in Nuuk for housing me during the planned two weeks in April 2010, which turned into three because of an Icelandic ash cloud that paralysed world-wide air traffic for a couple of weeks. I would like to thank all the employees for their kindness in connection with my stay. Jokes about me staying around for the Christmas party will never be forgotten! Frank and Lis, who kept up the good spirits when we were 'trapped' in the world's most beautiful prison, should also receive my thanks, wherever they are in the world today.

In the process of working with the material, it was splendid to have the First Lady of Norse archaeology, Jette Arneborg, as my next-door neighbour at the National Museum. I owe her my greatest gratitude for helping me with all kinds of questions regarding the material and for reading the final manuscript. Among other things, valuable archaeological datings of the runic material from GUS are presented in this volume thanks to her. I would also like to thank her for her unabated enthusiasm whenever I have presented news on the material. Proper thanks should also be given to Simon Coury, who has not only revised the English manuscript with a hawk's eye, but who has also been a great editor of the text and to Jens Mikkelsen for the translation of the summary into Greenlandic.

And finally, I must thank my pack, Rasmus and Dagmar, for pushing my paws away from the keyboard whenever it was time to go for a walk •